#### PRELIMINARY DRAFT

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL Special District Local Laws Code Chapter 5012 11/1/18

1		CHAI	PTER 5012. SABINE PASS PORT AUTHORITY	
2			SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS	
3	Sec.	5012.0001.	DEFINITIONS	2
4	Sec.	5012.0002.	LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF PURPOSE AND	
5			BENEFIT	3
6	Sec.	5012.0003.	AUTHORITY TERRITORY	4
7		SUB	CHAPTER B. AUTHORITY ADMINISTRATION	
8	Sec.	5012.0051.	COMMISSION; TERMS; ELECTION	6
9	Sec.	5012.0052.	QUALIFICATIONS FOR OFFICE	9
10	Sec.	5012.0053.	NOTICE OF COMMISSIONERS' ELECTION	9
11	Sec.	5012.0054.	ELECTION RESULTS	10
12	Sec.	5012.0055.	COMMISSIONERS' OATH AND BOND	10
13	Sec.	5012.0056.	VOTING REQUIREMENT	11
14	Sec.	5012.0057.	OFFICERS	11
15	Sec.	5012.0058.	COMPENSATION OF COMMISSIONERS;	
16			EXPENSES	12
17			SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES	
18	Sec.	5012.0101.	GENERAL POWERS	15
19	Sec.	5012.0102.	POWERS REGARDING PORTS, WATERWAYS, AND	
20			FACILITIES	15
21	Sec.	5012.0103.	BYLAWS AND RULES	17
22	Sec.	5012.0104.	GIFT OR PURCHASE OF PROPERTY	17
23	Sec.	5012.0105.	EMINENT DOMAIN	18
24	Sec.	5012.0106.	LEASE OF AUTHORITY FACILITIES	20
25	Sec.	5012.0107.	SALE OF SURPLUS PROPERTY	21

1	Sec.	5012.0108.	GENERAL AUTHORITY TO MAKE CONTRACTS
2			AND EXECUTE INSTRUMENTS 22
3	Sec.	5012.0109.	COMPETITIVE BIDDING FOR CERTAIN
4			CONTRACTS
5	Sec.	5012.0110.	OFFICERS, AGENTS, AND EMPLOYEES 24
6	Sec.	5012.0111.	SEAL
7	Sec.	5012.0112.	AUTHORITY TO SUE AND BE SUED 25
8		SUBC	HAPTER D. GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS
9	Sec.	5012.0151.	MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS TAX 25
10	Sec.	5012.0152.	TAX ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR 27
11	Sec.	5012.0153.	AUTHORITY TO BORROW MONEY, ACCEPT
12			GRANTS, AND ISSUE ASSOCIATED REVENUE
13			BONDS
14	Sec.	5012.0154.	AUTHORITY TO BORROW MONEY FOR CURRENT
15			EXPENSES; EVIDENCE OF OBLIGATION 29
16			SUBCHAPTER E. BONDS
17	Sec.	5012.0201.	AUTHORITY TO ISSUE BONDS; ELECTION 30
18	Sec.	5012.0202.	FORM OF BONDS
19	Sec.	5012.0203.	TERMS OF ISSUANCE
20	Sec.	5012.0204.	DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS
21	Sec.	5012.0205.	RESOLUTION PROVISIONS
22	Sec.	5012.0206.	BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES
23	Sec.	5012.0207.	REFUNDING BONDS 40
24		CHA	APTER 5012. SABINE PASS PORT AUTHORITY
25			SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
26			Revised Law
27		Sec. 5012	.0001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
28		(1)	"Authority" means the Sabine Pass Port Authority.
29		(2)	"Commission" means the authority's port
30	comm	ission.	
31		(3)	"Commissioner" means a commission member. (Acts
32	63rd	Leg., R.S.,	Ch. 379, Secs. 1 (part), 2 (part).)
33			Source Law
34		Sec.	1 [a port district] to be known as

the Sabine Pass Port Authority, .

As used herein: Sec. 2.

2 3 (1)"Authority" means the Sabine Pass Port 4 Authority.

(2)"Commission" means the port commission

of the authority, . . . . (3) "Commissioner" means a member of the commission.

9 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0002. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS 10 OF PURPOSE AND

The authority is a port district essential to 11 BENEFIT. (a)

purposes of Section 59, Article XVI, 12 accomplish the

Constitution. 13

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14 (b) A 1 1 territory in the authority benefits from the

authority's improvements, works, and facilities. (Acts 63rd Leg., 15

R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 1 (part).) 16

#### 17 Source Law

Sec. 1. There is hereby created, in addition to the districts into which the state has heretofore been  $\frac{1}{2}$ divided, a port district [to be known as the Sabine Pass Port Authority] the creation of such district is hereby determined to be essential to the accomplishment of the purposes of Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution. . . It is hereby found that all territory within the boundaries of the Sabine enlarged Port Authority as Pass is and will benefited bу the present and contemplated improvements, works, and facilities of said authority.

- Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (1)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority "is hereby created." The revised law omits the quoted language as executed.
- Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that the authority is created "in addition to the districts into which the state has heretofore been divided." The revised law omits the quoted language because accepted general principle of statutory construction requires that a statute be given cumulative effect with other statutes unless the statute provides otherwise or unless the statute conflicts with another

1 statute.

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(3) Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority is a governmental agency and body politic and corporate with the powers of government. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates a portion of Section 59(b), Article XVI, Texas Constitution, which provides that a district created under that section is a governmental agency and a body politic and corporate with governmental powers conferred by law. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 1. . . . Such district shall be and is hereby declared to be a governmental agency and body politic and corporate with the powers of government and . . . .

- (4) Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that all territory inside the authority is benefited by the authority's "present and contemplated" improvements, works, and facilities. The revised law omits "present and contemplated" as unnecessary in this context because the phrase does not add to the clear meaning of the law.
- (5) Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 56, Acts of the 67th Legislature, Regular Session, 1981, provides that the territory included in the authority "as enlarged" is and will be benefited by the authority's improvements, works, and facilities. The revised law omits the quoted language as executed.

#### 32 <u>Revised Law</u>

Sec. 5012.0003. AUTHORITY TERRITORY. The authority is composed of the territory in Jefferson County described by Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, 1973, as that

- 1 territory may have been modified under:
- 2 (1) Subchapter H, Chapter 62, Water Code; or
- 3 (2) other law. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 1

4 (part); New.)

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5 Source Law

Sec. 1. . . . [the Sabine Pass Port Authority,]
with boundaries as hereinafter set out. . . in
Jefferson County, Texas, . . .

#### Revisor's Note

The revised law does not revise the statutory language describing the territory of the district by metes and bounds to avoid the lengthy recitation of the description and because that description may not be accurate on the effective date of the revision or at the time of a later reading. For the reader's convenience, the revised law includes a reference to the statutory description of the district's territory. The revised law also includes a reference to authority to change the district's territory under Subchapter H, Chapter 62, Water Code. Chapter 62 applies to the district under Section 3, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, revised in part in this chapter as Section 5012.0101. The revised law also includes a reference to the general authority of the legislature to enact other laws to change the district's territory.

## Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

Section 1, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, which describes the authority's territory, was amended in 1981 by Chapter 56, Acts of the 67th Legislature, Regular Session, to include additional territory and to authorize the commission to hold an election or elections to approve the assumption of the authority's

tax-supported bonds by, and the imposition of an ad valorem maintenance tax in, the authority as enlarged by Chapter 56. The revised law omits the provisions relating to the bond and tax elections as executed.

The omitted law reads:

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Sec. 1. . . . Further, the governing body of said authority is authorized to call an election or elections over the entire authority as enlarged for the purpose of (1) the entire whether determining authority as enlarged shall assume the tax-supported bonds of the authority then outstanding and whether an ad valorem tax shall be levied on all taxable property within the authority as enlarged for the payment thereof, and (2) whether an ad valorem maintenance tax (for maintenance, operation, and upkeep of the authority and its facilities), in such amount as is specified by the governing body of the authority, shall be levied on all taxable property within the authority as enlarged. Said election or elections shall be called and held, and notice thereof given, in the same manner (to the extent pertinent) as elections for the issuance of tax-supported bonds as provided in this either or both and if of propositions should carry, the governing body of the authority shall be authorized to levy and collect such bond tax and/or maintenance tax as voted.

#### SUBCHAPTER B. AUTHORITY ADMINISTRATION

#### 34 Revised Law

- Sec. 5012.0051. COMMISSION; TERMS; ELECTION. (a) The authority is governed by a commission composed of five elected commissioners.
- 38 (b) Commissioners serve staggered two-year terms, with two 39 commissioners elected in each even-numbered year and three 40 commissioners elected in each odd-numbered year.
  - (c) The commission:
- 42 (1) is the authority's governing body; and
- (2) has the powers conferred on navigation and canal commissioners of navigation districts and the commissioners court by the Water Code. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Secs. 2(2) (part), 4 (part), 5 (part).)

#### Source Law

[Sec. 2]

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(2) ["Commission" means the port commission of the authority,] which shall be its governing body.

Sec. 4. The management and control of the authority is hereby vested in the commission, which shall, after the first election held hereunder, be composed of five commissioners, each elected to serve for the term of two years, . . . The commission shall have and may exercise, in addition to the powers and functions set out in this Act, the powers and authority conferred upon navigation and canal commissioners of navigation districts and the county commissioners court by the Water Code, but . . .

Sec. 5. [An election shall be held in the authority . . . for the election of commissioners.] . . . two commissioners shall be elected in even years and three in odd years, in continuing sequence. . .

- (1) Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that "management and control of the authority is hereby vested in" the commission. The revised law substitutes "is governed by" for the quoted language because in context the phrases have the same meaning and the latter phrase is more consistent with modern usage.
- (2) Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that "after the first election held hereunder" the commission is composed of five commissioners. The revised law omits the quoted language as executed.
- (3) Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the commission "shall have and may exercise" certain powers. Throughout this chapter, the revised law substitutes "may" for "shall have and may exercise" or other similar language because, in context, the language is synonymous and "may" is more commonly used.
- 42 (4) Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, gives the commission certain powers that are "in addition to the powers and functions set out in this Act." The revised law omits the quoted language because the powers and functions to which it refers are expressly set forth in other sections of this chapter and a general reference to them is unnecessary.

(5) Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that in the event of a conflict the act prevails over certain provisions of general law. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 311.026(b), Government Code (Code Construction Act). The omitted law reads:

Sec. 4. . . . in case of any conflict, the provisions of this  $\operatorname{Act}$  shall prevail.

(6) Section 5, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that commissioners' elections are held on the first Saturday in April of each year. The revised law omits that provision as impliedly repealed by Chapter 14, Acts of the 69th Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 1986, which amended Section 41.001, Election Code, to prescribe certain uniform election dates. Section 37 of that act required a political subdivision that held its general election of officers on a uniform election date in April to hold that election on a uniform election date in May or to choose a different uniform election day on which to hold the election. omitted law reads:

Sec. 5. An election shall be held in the authority on the first Saturday in April of each year for the election of commissioners. . . .

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Τ	Revised Law
2	Sec. 5012.0052. QUALIFICATIONS FOR OFFICE. Each
3	commissioner must:
4	(1) be a resident of the authority;
5	(2) own taxable property in the authority; and
6	(3) be a qualified voter. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch.
7	379, Sec. 4 (part).)
8	Source Law
9 10 11 12	Sec. 4 [five commissioners] each of whom shall be a resident of the authority, own taxable property within the boundaries of the authority, and be a qualified elector
13	Revisor's Note
14	Section 4, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
15	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a
16	commissioner must be a qualified "elector." The
17	revised law substitutes "voter" for "elector" because
18	the former is the term used in the Election Code.
19	Revised Law
20	Sec. 5012.0053. NOTICE OF COMMISSIONERS' ELECTION. Notice
21	of a commissioner's election shall be given by publishing notice
22	once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general
23	circulation in the authority, with the first publication being made
24	not earlier than the 60th day before the date of the election, and
25	not later than the 21st day before the date of the election. (Acts
26	63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 5 (part).)
27	Source Law
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Sec. 5  Notice of the election shall be given by publishing notice once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general circulation in the district, the first such notice to be published not more than 60 nor less than 21 days prior to the date of the election
35	Revisor's Note
36	Section 5, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
37	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the
38	authority as a "district." For consistency throughout

1 this chapter, the revised law substitutes "authority" for "district." 3 Revised Law 4 Sec. 5012.0054. ELECTION RESULTS. As soon as practicable after each election held by the authority, the commission shall 5 declare the results of the election. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 6 7 379, Sec. 6 (part).) 8 Source Law 9 Sec. 6. As soon as practicable after each election held 10 by the authority, the commission shall meet to canvass the returns and declare the results of the election. 11 12 13 14 Revisor's Note 6, Chapter 379, Acts 15 Section of the Legislature, Regular Session, 16 1973, requires the commission to "canvass the returns" of each election 17 held by the authority. The revised law omits that 18 19 requirement because it duplicates in substance Section 67.002, Election Code, which requires the governing 20 body of a political subdivision that orders 2.1 22 election to canvass the returns. 23 Revised Law Sec. 5012.0055. COMMISSIONERS' OATH AND BOND. 24 (a) Each 25 commissioner shall: 26 (1) take an oath of office that contains the applicable provisions provided by law for members 27 the 28 commissioners court; and (2) \$10,000 29 execute a bond for payable to the faithful performance 30 conditioned on the the 31 commissioner's duties as a commissioner. 32 (b) A commissioner's bond must bе approved bу the commission. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 6 (part).) 33

Sec. 6.

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Source Law

office containing the applicable provisions provided

by law for members of the commissioners court and shall

Each commissioner shall take an oath of

2	conditioned on the faithful performance of his duties, which bond shall be approved by the commission
4	Revised Law
5	Sec. 5012.0056. VOTING REQUIREMENT. The concurrence of a
6	majority of the commissioners present at a meeting where a quorum is
7	present is sufficient in any matter relating to authority business.
8	(Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 6 (part).)
9	Source Law
LO L1 L2 L3	Sec. 6 the concurrence of a majority of those commissioners present at any meeting where a quorum is present shall be sufficient in all matters relating to the business of the authority
L4	Revisor's Note
L5	Section 6, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
L6	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a
L7	majority of the commission constitutes a quorum. The
L8	revised law omits that provision because it duplicates
L9	in substance Section 311.013, Government Code (Code
20	Construction Act), which provides that a quorum of a
21	public body is a majority of the number of members
22	fixed by statute. The omitted law reads:
23 24 25	Sec. 6 A majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum and
26	Revised Law
27	Sec. 5012.0057. OFFICERS. (a) As soon as practicable after
28	each election of commissioners, the commission shall elect one
29	commissioner presiding officer and one commissioner secretary.
30	(b) The presiding officer shall preside at commission
31	meetings.
32	(c) The secretary shall be responsible for maintaining and
33	preserving the minutes, records, and other documents of the
34	authority.
35	(d) The commission may select other officers and prescribe
36	their duties. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 6 (part).)
37	Source Law
38	Sec. 6 As soon as practicable after each

election of commissioners the commission shall elect one of its members chairman, who shall preside at meetings of the commission, and one of its members secretary, who shall be responsible for maintaining and preserving the minutes, records, and other documents of the authority. The commission may from time to time select other officers and prescribe their duties.

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## 10 Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 6, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "chairman" of the authority. The revised law substitutes "presiding officer" for "chairman" because, in context, the terms are synonymous and the former is more commonly used and is gender neutral.
- (2) Section 6, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, allows the commission to select officers "from time to time." The revised law omits the quoted language because the power to take an action implies the power to do so at any time.

#### 23 Revised Law

- Sec. 5012.0058. COMPENSATION OF COMMISSIONERS; EXPENSES.
- 25 (a) Unless otherwise provided, each commissioner is entitled to
- 26 receive a fee of not more than \$50 a day for each day of service
- 27 necessary to discharge the duties of a commissioner.
- (b) Each commissioner is entitled to reimbursement for actual expenses incurred on behalf of the authority and approved by
- 30 the commission. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 6 (part).)

#### 31 Source Law

32 Sec. 6. . . .

Each commissioner shall be entitled to receive a fee of not more than \$50 a day for each day of service necessary to the discharge of his duties, unless otherwise provided, and shall be entitled to reimbursement of any expenses actually incurred on behalf of the authority, upon approval by the commission.

# 40 Revisor's Note 41 (End of Subchapter)

(1) Sections 4 and 5, Chapter 379, Acts of the

63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, name the authority's initial commissioners and describe their terms of office. Section 5 also provides the manner in which the first commissioners' elections will be held under the act. Because the terms of office of the initial commissioners have expired and the first commissioners' elections have been held, the revised law omits the provisions as executed. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 4. . . . Until the first election held hereunder, James M. Dubose, Jerry Bourg, and R. J. Louviere, who are the present commissioners, shall constitute the commission. . . .

Sec. 5. . . . The three commissioners named above shall continue to serve until the election to be held in April, 1981. At the election to be held on April 5, 1980, two additional commissioners shall be elected to serve for a term of two years. Thereafter, on election day in April, 1981, three commissioners shall be elected and in subsequent years . . .

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that a commissioners' election is held in accordance with the Election Code, except as provided by that act. The revised law omits the phrase "except as otherwise provided in this Act" because an exception to the application of the Election Code would apply by its own terms. The revised law omits the reference to the Election Code because Section 1.002, Election Code, provides that the Election Code applies to all elections held in this state. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 5. . . . Conduct of the election will be in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Election Code except as otherwise provided in this Act.

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(3) Section 5, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that a candidate for commissioner must file a ballot

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application with the commission secretary that includes the candidate's signature or the signatures of at least 10 qualified voters and prescribes a deadline for filing the application. The revised law omits the requirement to file the application with the it commission secretary because duplicates substance Sections 144.003 and 144.004, Election Code. revised law omits the signature requirement because it is superseded by Section 141.031, Election In addition, the revised law omits the filing deadline because it is superseded by Section 144.005, Election Code. Section 1.002, Election Code, provides that the Election Code applies to all elections held in this state and supersedes conflicting statutes unless the code other statute expressly provides οr otherwise. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 5. . . . Any candidate for the office of commissioner shall file an application to have his name printed on the ballot with the secretary of the commission, signed by the candidate or at least 10 qualified voters, not less than 35 days prior to the election.

(4) Section 6, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, describes the procedure for filling a commission vacancy. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates in substance Section 62.066, Water Code. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 62, Water Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 62 applies to the authority under Section 3 of Chapter 379, revised in part in this chapter as Section 5012.0101. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 6. . . . A vacancy in the office of commissioner shall be filled by appointment by the commission for the unexpired term.

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1	SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES			
2	Revised Law			
3	Sec. 5012.0101. GENERAL POWERS. The authority may			
4	exercise:			
5	(1) the rights, privileges, and functions provided by			
6	this chapter; and			
7	(2) all powers, rights, privileges, and functions			
8	conferred by Chapters 60 and 62, Water Code. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S.,			
9	Ch. 379, Secs. 1 (part), 3 (part).)			
10	Source Law			
11 12 13 14	Sec. 1 [Such district shall be a governmental agency] with the authority to exercise the rights, privileges, and functions hereinafter specified, and			
15 16 17 18	Sec. 3. The authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise all powers, rights, privileges, and functions conferred by Chapters 60 and 62 of the Water Code			
19	Revised Law			
20	Sec. 5012.0102. POWERS REGARDING PORTS, WATERWAYS, AND			
21	FACILITIES. The authority may:			
22	(1) acquire, take over, construct, maintain, repair,			
23	operate, develop, and regulate wharves, docks, warehouses, grain			
24	elevators, ship repair facilities, belt railways, lands, and all			
25	other facilities or aids consistent with or necessary for the			
26	operation or development of ports, waterways, or maritime commerce			
27	inside or outside the authority's boundaries; and			
28	(2) construct, extend, improve, repair, maintain,			
29	reconstruct, own, use, and operate any facility necessary or			
30	convenient to the exercise of such powers, rights, privileges, and			
31	functions granted by this chapter. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379,			
32	Sec. 3 (part).)			
33	Source Law			
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Sec. 3 Without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:  (a) the right, power, and authority to acquire, purchase, take over, construct, maintain, repair, operate, develop, and regulate wharves, docks,			

warehouses, grain elevators, ship repair facilities, belt railways, lands, and all other facilities or aids consistent with or necessary for the operation or development of ports, waterways, or maritime commerce within or without the boundaries of the authority,

(b) to construct, extend, improve, repair, maintain, and reconstruct, or cause to be constructed, extended, improved, repaired, maintained, and reconstructed, and own, use, and operate any and all facilities of any kind necessary or convenient to the exercise of such powers, rights, privileges, and functions as are herein granted;

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- (1) Section 3, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that, "[w]ithout limitation of the generality of the foregoing," the authority has certain powers. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits the quoted language or similar language because it is an accepted general principle of statutory construction that a grant of a power does not act as a limitation.
- (2) Section 3(a), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, grants the authority the power to "acquire" and "purchase" certain property. The revised law omits the reference to "purchase" because "purchase" is included in the meaning of "acquire."
- Section 3(b), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority may construct, extend, improve, repair, maintain, reconstruct, "or and cause to bе constructed, extended, improved, maintained, and reconstructed" certain facilities. revised law omits the quoted language unnecessary because the grant of a power implies the authority to provide for the exercise of that power. addition, the quoted language Ιn duplicates substance Section 62.121, Water Code, which authorizes the authority to contract with any person to exercise

1	any authority power.
2	Revised Law
3	Sec. 5012.0103. BYLAWS AND RULES. The authority may adopt
4	bylaws and rules for the management and regulation of its affairs.
5	(Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)
6	Source Law
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:
	(e) to make bylaws, rules, and regulations for the management and regulation of its affairs;
14	Revisor's Note
15	Section 3(e), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
16	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the
17	authority to "make bylaws, rules, and regulations."
18	The revised law substitutes "adopt" for "make"
19	because, in context, the terms are synonymous and
20	"adopt" is more commonly used. The revised law also
21	omits the reference to "regulations" because under
22	Section 311.005(5), Government Code (Code
23	Construction Act), a rule is defined to include a
24	regulation.
25	Revised Law
26	Sec. 5012.0104. GIFT OR PURCHASE OF PROPERTY. The
27	authority by gift or purchase may acquire any property or any
28	interest in property that is:
29	(1) inside or outside the authority's boundaries; and
30	(2) necessary or convenient to exercising a power,
31	right, privilege, or function conferred on the authority by this
32	chapter. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)
33	Source Law
34 35 36 37 38	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:  (i) to acquire by gift or purchase any and all
39 40	properties of any kind, or any interest therein, within or outside of the boundaries of the authority

necessary to the exercise of the powers, rights, privileges, and functions conferred upon it by this Act, and . . . .

4 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0105. EMINENT DOMAIN. (a) To exercise a power provided by law, the authority may exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire any property and any interest in property inside the authority's boundaries. The authority must exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by Chapter 21, Property Code.

- 11 (b) The authority is a municipal corporation for the 12 purposes of Section 21.021, Property Code.
- 13 (c) The authority is not required to give bond for appeal or 14 bond for costs in any judicial proceeding related to the 15 authority's exercise of eminent domain.
- (d) The authority's authority to exercise the power of eminent domain expired on September 1, 2013, unless the authority submitted a letter to the comptroller in accordance with Section 2206.101(b), Government Code, not later than December 31, 2012. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Secs. 3 (part), 11; New.)

21 Source Law

Sec. 3. . . . the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:

(i) [to acquire . . . any and all properties of any kind, or any interest therein,] . . . by condemnation within the boundaries of the authority in the manner provided by general law for condemnation by counties, provided that the authority shall not be required to give bond for appeal or bond for costs in any judicial proceedings; and

. . .

Sec. 11. For the purpose of carrying out any power conferred by law on the authority, the authority  $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ shall have the right to acquire real property and any therein by condemnation interest in the provided by Title 52, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, relating to eminent domain. authority is hereby declared to be a municipal corporation within the meaning of Article 3268 of said Title 52. The amount of and character of property or therein thus be acquired interest to shall determined by the commissioners.

## Revisor's Note

(1) Sections 3(i) and 11, Chapter 379, Acts of

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- the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provide that the authority may acquire certain property "by condemnation." The revised law substitutes for the quoted language "may exercise the power of eminent domain" because the phrases have the same meaning and the latter phrase is consistent with modern usage in laws relating to eminent domain.
- (2) Section 3(i), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority must exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by "general law for condemnation by counties." The revised law substitutes for the quoted language a reference to Chapter 21, Property Code, because that is the general law governing eminent domain for governmental entities, including counties.
- (3) Section 11, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to Title 52, Revised Statutes. The relevant provisions of Title 52 were codified as Chapter 21, Property Code, by Chapter 576, Acts of the 68th Legislature, Regular Session, 1983. The revised law is drafted accordingly.
- (4) Section 11, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to Article 3268, Revised Statutes. The applicable part of that statute was codified as Section 21.021, Property Code, by Chapter 576, Acts of the 68th Legislature, Regular Session, 1983. The revised law is drafted accordingly.
- (5) Sections 3 and 11, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provided the authority limited eminent domain authority. Section 2206.101, Government Code, required an entity with

eminent domain authority to submit a letter with certain information to the comptroller not later than December 31, 2012, to prevent the entity's eminent domain authority from expiring on September 1, 2013. To avoid the appearance that this revision recognizes authority that the authority may not possess at the time of the revision, the revised law includes a provision setting out the requirements of Section 2206.101, Government Code. 

#### 10 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0106. LEASE OF AUTHORITY FACILITIES. A lease under Section 60.101, Water Code, may contain any provision the commission determines is advantageous to the authority, including a provision for:

- 15 (1) the sale of a leased property at the termination of 16 the lease; and
- 17 (2) the management and operation of a leased property 18 by the lessee. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)

#### 19 Source Law

Sec. 3. . . . the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:

(j) [to lease . . . any facilities . . . as provided by Section 60.101, Water Code,] said lease to contain such terms and provisions (including, but not by way of limitation, provisions to sell the leased properties at the termination of said lease and provisions relating to management and operation of said properties by the lessee thereof) as the commission may determine to be advantageous to the authority. . . .

#### Revisor's Note

(1) Section 3(j), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority may lease an authority facility as provided by Section 60.101, Water Code. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates in substance Section 60.101, Water Code. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter

60, Water Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 60, Water Code, applies to the authority under Section 3 of Chapter 379, revised in part in this chapter as Section 5012.0101. The omitted law reads:

- Sec. 3. . . . [the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:]
- (j) to lease to any person, firm, corporation, partnership, political subdivision of the State of Texas, or agency of the United States of America, all or any part of any facilities heretofore or hereafter constructed or otherwise acquired by it, as provided by Section 60.101, Water Code, . . .
- (2) Section 3(j), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "terms and provisions." The revised law omits the reference to "terms" because "terms" is included in the meaning of "provisions."
- (3) Section 3(j), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to lease provisions, "including, but not by way of limitation," certain provisions advantageous to the authority. The revised law omits "but not by way of limitation" because Section 311.005(13), Government Code (Code Construction Act), applicable to the revised law, provides that "including" is a term of enlargement and not of limitation and does not create a presumption that components not expressed are excluded.

#### 34 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0107. SALE OF SURPLUS PROPERTY. The commission may order authority property sold as provided in Section 60.101, Water Code, if the property is not considered reasonably required to carry out the authority's plans. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)

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Τ	Source Law
2 3 4 5	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:
6 7 8 9	(j) Any property or land owned by the authority which may be found not to be reasonably required to carry out the plans of the authority may be sold by order of the commission as provided in Section 60.101, Water Code.
11	Revisor's Note
12	Section 3, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
13	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to
14	"property or land" owned by the authority. The revised
15	law omits the reference to "land" because under
16	Section 311.005(4), Government Code (Code
17	Construction Act), the definition of "property"
18	includes real property, and "land" is included in the
19	meaning of real property.
20	Revised Law
21	Sec. 5012.0108. GENERAL AUTHORITY TO MAKE CONTRACTS AND
22	EXECUTE INSTRUMENTS. The authority may make a contract or execute
23	an instrument necessary or convenient to exercising a power, right,
24	privilege, or function conferred on the authority by this chapter.
25	(Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)
26	Source Law
27 28 29 30	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:
31 32 33 34 35	(g) to make contracts and execute instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers, rights, privileges, and functions conferred upon it by this Act;
36	Revised Law
37	Sec. 5012.0109. COMPETITIVE BIDDING FOR CERTAIN CONTRACTS.
38	(a) Before the commission enters into a contract for the
39	expenditure of an amount of \$25,000 or more, the authority shall
40	submit the proposed contract for competitive bids as provided by
41	this section.
42	(b) The commission shall publish notice of the time and

- 1 place for the opening of sealed bids on a contract described by
- 2 Subsection (a) in one or more newspapers of general circulation in
- 3 this state, one of which must be a newspaper published in Jefferson
- 4 County. The notice must be published once a week for two
- 5 consecutive weeks, with the first publication being made not later
- 6 than the 14th day before the date set for the opening of bids.
- 7 (c) The commission may reject any bid submitted under this
- 8 section, but if the commission accepts a bid, the bid must be the
- 9 lowest and best bid received.
- 10 (d) This section does not apply to:
- 11 (1) improvements performed by the United States;
- 12 (2) emergencies that require immediate action to
- 13 protect persons or property;
- 14 (3) necessary emergency repairs to authority
- 15 property; or

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- 16 (4) contracts for personal or professional services or
- 17 work done by the authority and paid for by the day as the work
- 18 progresses. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 9.)

## 19 <u>Source Law</u>

- Before the commission enters into contract requiring the expenditure of \$25,000 or more, it shall submit the proposed contract for competitive bids. Notice of the time and place for the opening of sealed bids on such contract shall be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the state, one of which shall be a newspaper published in Jefferson County, Texas. Such notice shall published once a week for two consecutive weeks, with the first publication being made at least 14 days before the date set for the opening of bids. The commission may reject any and all bids, but if a bid is accepted it shall be the lowest and best bid received.
- The provisions of this section do not apply to:
  (1) improvements carried out and performed

35 by the United States;

- (2) calamities or emergencies which make it necessary to act at once to protect persons or property;
- (3) necessary emergency repairs to the property of the authority; or
- (4) contracts for personal or professional services or work done by the authority and paid for by the day as the work progresses.

#### Revisor's Note

45 (1) Section 9, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to improvements "carried out and performed" by the United States. The revised law omits "carried out" because "carried out" is included in the meaning of "performed."

(2) Section 9, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "calamities or emergencies." The revised law omits "calamities" because "calamities" is included in the meaning of "emergencies."

## 11 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0110. OFFICERS, AGENTS, AND EMPLOYEES. The authority may employ, prescribe the duties of, and set the compensation of officers, agents, and employees. (Acts 63rd Leg., 15 R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)

#### 16 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 3. . . . the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:

(f) to employ officers, agents, and employees, to prescribe their duties, and to fix their compensation;

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## 25 <u>Revisor's Note</u>

Section 3(f), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd 26 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the 2.7 authority has the authority to "fix" the compensation 28 29 of officers, agents, and employees. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law 30 substitutes "set" for "fix" because the terms are 31 synonymous in these contexts and "set" is more 32 commonly used. 33

## 34 Revised Law

35 Sec. 5012.0111. SEAL. The authority may adopt and use a corporate seal. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)

1	Source Law
2 3 4 5	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:
6 7	<pre>(d) to adopt, use, and alter a corporate seal;</pre>
8	Revisor's Note
9	Section 3(d), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
10	Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the
11	authority to "adopt" and "alter" a corporate seal. The
12	revised law omits the reference to altering a seal
13	because the authority to adopt a seal includes the
14	authority to alter it.
15	Revised Law
16	Sec. 5012.0112. AUTHORITY TO SUE AND BE SUED. The authority
17	may sue and be sued in its corporate name. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S.,
18	Ch. 379, Sec. 3 (part).)
19	Source Law
20 21 22 23 24	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:  (c) to sue and be sued in its corporate name;
25	• • •
26	SUBCHAPTER D. GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS
27	Revised Law
28	Sec. 5012.0151. MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS TAX. The
29	commission may impose an annual tax for the maintenance and
30	operation of the authority and the authority's improvements at a
31	rate not to exceed 20 cents for each \$100 valuation of taxable
32	property in the authority. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 10
33	(part).)
34	Source Law
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Sec. 10. With the approval of the electors of the authority, the commission may levy and have assessed and collected for the maintenance, operation, and upkeep of the authority and its improvements an annual tax of not more than 20 cents on the \$100 valuation of all taxable property in the authority;

#### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 10, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the commission to levy, assess, and collect a maintenance and operations tax if the tax is approved by the authority's voters. The revised law codifies the provisions authorizing the commission to levy, assess, and collect the tax but omits as executed the provisions relating to the election to approve the tax because the election has been held and the levy, assessment, and collection of the tax has been approved.
- (2) Section 10, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the commission "may levy and have assessed and collected" a maintenance and operations tax. The revised law substitutes "impose" for the quoted language because "impose" is the term generally used in Title 1, Tax Code, and includes the levy, assessment, and collection of a maintenance and operations tax.
- (3) Section 10, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a tax for the "maintenance, operation, and upkeep" of the authority. The revised law omits "upkeep" because "upkeep" is included within the meaning of "maintenance."
- (4) Section 10, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, as amended by Chapter 812, Acts of the 66th Legislature, Regular Session, 1979, contains transition language regarding the commission's continuing authority to impose a maintenance and operations tax in the authority that was authorized by the authority's voters before the passage of the 1979 act. The revised law omits the

- language as executed. The omitted law reads:
- Sec. 10. . . . provided that the present maintenance tax of 20 cents on the \$100 valuation on all taxable property in the authority as previously voted in the authority shall remain in full force and effect and may be assessed, levied, and collected.

## 9 <u>Revised Law</u>

- Sec. 5012.0152. TAX ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR. (a) The
- 11 commission shall appoint a tax assessor and collector.
- 12 (b) The tax assessor and collector shall execute a bond in
- 13 an amount set by the commission that is:
- 14 (1) at least twice the average daily balance of the
- 15 authority in its depository for the preceding year; and
- 16 (2) not more than the estimated amount of revenues of
- 17 the authority for any year. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec.
- 18 7.)

#### 19 <u>Source Law</u>

20 Sec. 7. The commission shall appoint a tax 21 assessor and collector, who shall execute a bond in an 22 amount fixed by the commission, which amount shall be 23 not less than twice the average daily balance of the authority in its depository for the preceding year nor 24 25 more than the estimated amount of revenues of 26 authority for any one year.

#### 27 Revised Law

- Sec. 5012.0153. AUTHORITY TO BORROW MONEY, ACCEPT GRANTS,
- 29 AND ISSUE ASSOCIATED REVENUE BONDS. The authority may:
- 30 (1) borrow money for the authority's corporate
- 31 purposes consistent with the constitution, this chapter, and
- 32 Chapters 60-63, Water Code;
- 33 (2) borrow money or accept a grant from the United
- 34 States or from a corporation or agency created or designated by the
- 35 United States and, in connection with the loan or grant, enter into
- 36 any agreement the United States or the corporation or agency may
- 37 require; and
- 38 (3) make and issue bonds for money borrowed, in the
- 39 manner provided by this chapter. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379,
- 40 Sec. 3 (part).)

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Sec. 3. . . the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:

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(h) to borrow money for its corporate purposes consistent the constitution, this Act, with Chapters 60-63, Water Code, and without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, to borrow money and accept grants from the United States of America, or from any corporation or agency created or designated by the United States of America, and in connection with any such loan or grant to enter into such agreements as the United States of America or such corporations or agencies may require, and to make and issue its negotiable bonds for money borrowed in the manner and to the extent provided herein. .

- Section 3(h), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (1)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the authority to issue "negotiable" bonds. The revised law omits the reference to "negotiable" bonds because Section 1201.041, Government Code, provides that a security public negotiable instrument. is а Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 1201, Government Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 1201, Government Code, applies to authority bonds under Sections 1201.002 and 1201.003, Government Code.
- Section 3(h), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (2) Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the act does not authorize the issuance of authority bonds payable from taxes unless the issuance is first submitted to the qualified voters of the authority and a majority of those voters approve of the issuance. The revised law omits the provision as unnecessary because no other provision of the act purports to authorize the authority to issue bonds payable from taxes without voter approval. In addition, the provision duplicates in substance Section 60.332,

Water Code, which requires bonds secured by taxes to be authorized at an election held for that purpose. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 3. . . .

(h) . . . Nothing in this Act shall authorize the issuance of any bonds of the authority payable from taxation, unless such proposition shall first be submitted to the qualified voters of the authority and the proposition adopted by a majority vote of those voting at the election;

12 . . .

#### 13 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0154. AUTHORITY TO BORROW MONEY FOR CURRENT

- 15 EXPENSES; EVIDENCE OF OBLIGATION. (a) The authority may:
- 16 (1) borrow money for current expenses; and
- 17 (2) evidence the borrowed money by warrants.
- 18 (b) The total amount of the warrants may not exceed the 19 anticipated revenue. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 3 20 (part).)

#### 21 Source Law

Sec. 3. . . . the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following powers, rights, privileges, and functions:

(a) . . . the authority shall have the right to borrow funds for current expenses and to evidence the same by warrants, but such warrants shall never exceed the anticipated revenues and . . .

- (1) Section 3(a), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the authority's right to borrow "funds." The revised law substitutes "money" for "funds" because, in context, the meaning is the same and "money" is the more commonly used term.
- (2) Section 3(a), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the authority's warrants may bear interest at a rate that does not exceed the maximum rate allowed under the constitution and general laws of this state. The revised law omits the provision as unnecessary. To the

1	extent the constitution or general laws of this state
2	provide a maximum interest rate for the authority's
3	warrants, those laws apply to the authority by their
4	own terms. The omitted law reads:
5 6 7 8 9	Sec. 3 (a) [such warrants] may bear interest not exceeding the maximum rate permitted by the constitution and general laws of the State of Texas;
11	SUBCHAPTER E. BONDS
12	Revised Law
13	Sec. 5012.0201. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE BONDS; ELECTION. (a)
14	The authority may issue bonds for any corporate purpose.
15	(b) The authority may issue bonds for a purpose described by
16	Section 5012.0102(1) or to acquire necessary or proper lands,
17	rights of way, extension or improvements of belt railway lines, or
18	construction or improvements of wharves, docks, ship repair
19	facilities, or other facilities or aids to navigation.
20	(c) The authority may secure bonds issued under Subsection
21	(b) by liens on properties acquired, constructed, or improved and
22	pledge available revenues as additional security.
23	(d) An election to approve the issuance of bonds payable
24	from taxes must be held in the manner provided for bond elections
25	under Chapter 54, Water Code. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Secs.
26	3 (part), 8 (part).)
27	Source Law
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Sec. 3 the authority shall have and is hereby authorized to exercise the following rights, powers, privileges, and functions:  (a) in addition to the power to issue bonds for the purposes above enumerated, and for the purpose of acquiring necessary or proper lands, rights-of-way, extension or improvements of belt railway lines, or construction or improvements of wharves, docks, ship repair facilities, or other facilities or aids to navigation, and to secure such obligations by liens on properties acquired, constructed, or improved, and pledge available revenues as additional security, and

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Sec. 8. The authority shall have power and is hereby authorized to issue, from time to time, bonds as herein authorized for any of its corporate purposes.

(c) . . . [provided that no bonds payable from taxes may be issued unless the same have been approved by a majority of the qualified voters in the authority voting at an election called and held for that purpose; and] each such bond election shall be called and held as prescribed for bond elections in Chapter 54, Water Code; . . .

#### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 3(a), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the authority to issue bonds "in addition to" other powers the authority has in that section. The revised law omits the quoted language as unnecessary because, as a principle of statutory construction, the various provisions granting power to the authority must be read cumulatively.
- (2) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, permits the authority to issue bonds "from time to time." The revised law omits the quoted language for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (2) to Section 5012.0057.
- (3) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, permits the authority to issue bonds "as herein authorized." The revised law omits the quoted language because, to the extent that other provisions of that act govern the issuance of bonds by the authority, those provisions apply to the issuance of authority bonds without an express reference to those provisions in this section.
- (4) Section 8(c), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds payable by taxes must be approved by the authority's voters at an election held for that purpose. The revised law omits that provision for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (2) to Section 5012.0153. The omitted law reads:

37 Sec. 8. . . .

(c) . . . provided that no bonds

payable from taxes may be issued unless the same have been approved by a majority of the qualified voters in the authority voting at an election called and held for that purpose; and . . .

(5) Section 8(c), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a bond election must be "called and held" in a specified manner. The revised law omits the reference to calling an election because, in context, calling an election is included in the meaning of "holding" an election. Under Chapter 3, Election Code, all elections must be ordered (called) before they may be held.

#### Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0202. FORM OF BONDS. Authority bonds must be:

- (1) issued in the authority's name; and
- 17 (2) signed by the commission's presiding officer.
- 18 (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

#### 19 Source Law

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Sec. 8. . . [All bonds issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of this Act] . . . All such bonds shall be issued in the name of the authority and shall be signed by the chairman of the commission,

- (1) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "chairman" of the commission. The revised law substitutes "presiding officer" for "chairman" for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (1) to Section 5012.0057.
- (2) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds must be authorized by commission resolution and must be attested by the secretary. The revised law omits those provisions because they duplicate in substance Section 60.033, Water Code. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . . All such bonds shall be authorized by resolution or resolutions of the commission, and . . . . [All such bonds shall be] . . . attested by the secretary, and . . .

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Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds must bear the seal of the district and authorizes facsimile signatures and seals. The revised law omits those provisions as unnecessary. The requirement that the bonds bear the seal of the authority was impliedly repealed by Section 3, Bond Procedures Act of 1981 (Article 717k-6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) (revised in relevant part in 1999 as Section 1201.026(a), Government Code), which provides that bonds may be signed with or without a seal. authorization for the use of printed signatures duplicates Section 1201.026(a), Government Code, which also provides that bonds and interest coupons may be executed with manual or facsimile signatures.

The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . . [All such bonds shall] . . . have the seal of the authority impressed thereon, provided that such signatures and seal may be by facsimile if the commission so directs. . . .

### 27 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0203. TERMS OF ISSUANCE. Authority bonds may be:

- (1) sold for cash;
- 30 (2) issued on terms the commission determines in 31 exchange for any property, or any interest in property, that the 32 commission considers necessary or convenient for the corporate 33 purpose for which the bonds are issued; or
- 34 (3) issued in exchange for like principal amounts of 35 other obligations of the authority, whether matured or unmatured. 36 (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

#### 37 Source Law

Sec. 8. . . Such bonds may either be (1) sold for cash, at public or private sale, at such price or

prices as the commission shall determine, . . . (2) issued on such terms as the commission shall determine in exchange for property of any kind, real, personal, or mixed or any interest therein which the commission shall deem necessary or convenient for any such corporate purposes; or (3) issued in exchange for like principal amounts of other obligations of the authority, matured or unmatured. . . .

## Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds or notes may be sold "at public or private sale." The revised law omits the quoted language because it duplicates in substance Section 1201.022(a)(3)(A), Government Code.
- (2) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds or notes may be sold "at such price or prices as the commission shall determine." The revised law omits the quoted language because it is superseded by general law. Section 1201.022, Government Code, as amended in 2001, provides that an issuer may sell public securities "under the terms determined by the governing body of the issuer to be in the issuer's best interests."
- (3) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "property of any kind, real, personal, or mixed." The revised law omits the reference to "real, personal, or mixed" because under Section 311.005(4), Government Code (Code Construction Act), "property" includes both real and personal property, and "mixed" property is property consisting of both real and personal property.

#### Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0204. DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS. The proceeds of sale of authority bonds shall be deposited in one or more banks or trust companies, and shall be paid out according to the terms on which the

- 1 authority and the purchasers of the bonds agree. (Acts 63rd Leg.,
- 2 R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

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#### 3 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 8. . . . The proceeds of sale of such bonds shall be deposited in such bank or banks or trust company or trust companies, and shall be paid out pursuant to such terms and conditions, as may be agreed on between the authority and the purchasers of such bonds. . . .

10 Revisor's Note

11 Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd 12 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "terms and conditions" under which proceeds of the 13 14 sale of authority bonds shall be paid out. The revised omits "conditions" because the meaning 15 "conditions" is included in the meaning of "terms." 16

#### 17 Revised Law

- Sec. 5012.0205. RESOLUTION PROVISIONS. (a) A resolution authorizing bonds may contain provisions approved by the commission that are not inconsistent with this chapter, including provisions:
- (1) reserving the right to redeem the bonds or requiring the redemption of the bonds, at a time, in an amount, and at a price, not to exceed 105 percent of the principal amount of the bonds, plus accrued interest;
- 25 (2) providing for the setting aside of sinking funds 26 or reserve funds and the regulation and disposition of those funds;
- (3) securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds and of the sinking fund or reserve fund payments associated with the bonds by pledging:
- 30 (A) all or any part of the gross or net revenue 31 subsequently received by the authority with respect to the property 32 to be acquired or constructed with the bonds or the proceeds of the 33 bonds; or
- 34 (B) all or any part of the gross or net revenue 35 subsequently received by the authority from any source;
- 36 (4) securing the payment of the principal of and

- 1 interest on the bonds by pledging taxes;
- 2 (5) prescribing the purposes to which the bonds or any
- 3 bonds subsequently issued, or the proceeds of the bonds, may be
- 4 applied;
- 5 (6) agreeing to set and collect rates and charges
- 6 sufficient to produce revenue adequate to:
- 7 (A) pay all expenses necessary to the operation,
- 8 maintenance, and replacement of and additions to the authority's
- 9 property;
- 10 (B) pay the principal of, and the interest and
- 11 premium, if any, on bonds issued under this chapter when the bonds
- 12 become due and payable;
- 13 (C) pay all sinking fund or reserve fund payments
- 14 for those bonds out of those revenues as and when they become due
- 15 and payable;
- 16 (D) fulfill the terms of any agreements made with
- 17 the holders of the bonds or with any person on their behalf; and
- 18 (E) discharge all other lawful obligations of the
- 19 authority as and when the obligations become due;
- 20 (7) prescribing limitations on the issuance of
- 21 additional bonds and subordinate lien bonds and on the agreements
- 22 that may be made with the purchasers and successive holders of those
- 23 bonds;
- 24 (8) regarding the construction, extension,
- 25 improvement, reconstruction, operation, maintenance, and repair of
- 26 the authority's properties and the carrying of insurance on all or
- 27 any part of those properties covering loss, damage, or loss of use
- 28 and occupancy resulting from specified risks;
- 29 (9) setting the procedure by which the authority may
- 30 change the terms of a contract with the bondholders, the amount of
- 31 bonds the holders of which must consent to that change, and the
- 32 manner in which the consent may be given; and
- 33 (10) providing for the execution and delivery by the
- 34 authority to a bank or trust company authorized by law to accept

- 1 trusts, or to the United States or any officer of the United States,
- 2 of indentures and agreements for the benefit of the bondholders
- 3 setting forth any of the agreements authorized by this chapter to be
- 4 made with or for the benefit of the bondholders and any other
- 5 provisions that are customary in such indentures or agreements.
- 6 (b) A provision authorized by this section that is contained
- 7 in a bond resolution is part of the contract between the authority
- 8 and the bondholders. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

# 9 <u>Source Law</u>

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- Sec. 8. . . . Any resolution or resolutions authorizing any bonds may contain provisions, which shall be part of the contract between the authority and the holders thereof from time to time:
- (a) reserving the right to redeem such bonds or requiring the redemption of such bonds, at such time or times, in such amounts and at such prices, not exceeding 105 percent of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, as may be provided;
- (b) providing for the setting aside of sinking funds or reserve funds and the regulation and disposition thereof;
- (c) pledging to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds and of the sinking fund or reserve fund payments agreed to be made in respect of such bonds all or any part of the gross or net revenues thereafter received by the authority in respect of the property, real, personal, or mixed, to be acquired and/or constructed with such bonds or the proceeds thereof, or all or any part of the gross or net revenues thereafter received by the authority from whatever source derived or pledging taxes to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds, . . .
- (d) prescribing the purposes to which such bonds or any bonds thereafter to be issued, or the proceeds thereof, may be applied;
- (e) agreeing to fix and collect rates charges sufficient to produce revenues adequate to pay (1) all expenses necessary to the operation maintenance and replacements and additions to the properties and facilities of the authority; (2) principal of, and the interest and premium, if any, on bonds issued under this Act as and  $\bar{\text{when}}$  the same became due and payable; (3) all sinking fund and/or reserve fund payments agreed to be made in respect of any such bonds out of such revenues as and when the same became due and payable; and to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the holders of such bonds and/or with any person on their behalf and to discharge all other lawful obligations of the authority as and when the same become due;
- (f) prescribing limitations upon the issuance of additional bonds and subordinate lien bonds and upon the agreements which may be made with the purchasers and successive holders thereof;
- (g) with regard to the construction, extension, improvement, reconstruction, operation, maintenance, and repair of the properties of the authority and

carrying of insurance on all or any part of said properties covering loss or damage or loss of use and occupancy resulting from specified risks;

(h) fixing the procedure, if any, by which, if the authority shall so desire, the terms of any contract with the holders of such bonds may be amended or abrogated, the amount of bonds the holders of which must consent thereto, and the manner in which such consent may be given;

(i) for the execution and delivery by the authority to a bank or trust company authorized by law to accept trusts, or to the United States of America or any officer or agency thereof, of indentures and agreements for the benefit of the holders of such bonds and such other provisions as may be customary in such indentures or agreements; and

(j) such other provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as the commission may approve.

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#### Revisor's Note

- Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that provisions of the resolution authorizing bonds are "part of the contract between the authority and the holders thereof from time to time." The revised law omits "from time to time" because, to the extent the phrase modifies "the contract [made]," the phrase can be omitted for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (2) to Section 5012.0057, and to the extent the phrase modifies "the holders authority [of bonds]," "bondholder" includes anyone holding a bond at any time the statute is read.
- (2) Section 8(c), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "property, real, personal, or mixed." The revised law omits the reference to "real, personal, or mixed" for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (3) to Section 5012.0203.
- (3) Section 8(e), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the authority's "properties and facilities." The revised law omits "facilities" as included in the meaning of "properties."

(4) Section 8(i), Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "United States of America or any . . . agency thereof." The revised law omits the reference to an agency of the United States because under Section 311.005(9), Government Code (Code Construction Act), "United States" includes an agency of the United States.

#### 9 Revised Law

Sec. 5012.0206. BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES. (a) The commission may declare an emergency because money is not available to meet any of the authority's needs, including to pay the principal of and interest on authority bonds.

- 14 (b) Bond anticipation notes may bear interest at a rate not 15 to exceed 10 percent and must mature not later than one year after 16 the date of issuance.
- 17 (c) Bond anticipation notes issued by the authority must be 18 taken up with the proceeds of the bonds, or the bonds may be issued 19 and delivered in exchange for the bond anticipation notes. (Acts 20 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

## 21 Source Law

The board may declare an emergency in the matter of funds not being available to pay principal of and interest on any bonds of the district or to meet any other needs of the district. Bond anticipation notes may bear interest at any rate or rates not to exceed 10 percent and shall mature within one year of their date. The bond anticipation notes so issued will be taken up with the proceeds of bonds, or the bonds may be issued and delivered in exchange for and in substitution of such notes.

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### Revisor's Note

(1) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "board" and the "district." The revised law substitutes "commission" and "authority" for the quoted language for the reason stated in the revisor's

- 1 note to Section 5012.0053.
- 2 (2) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd
  3 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the
  4 district's "funds." The revised law substitutes
  5 "money" for "funds" for the reason stated in Revisor's
  6 Note (1) to Section 5012.0154.
- (3) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd

  Egislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that

  bonds may be "issued and delivered in exchange for and

  in substitution of" bond anticipation notes. The

  revised law omits the references to "substitution"

  because, in context, "substitution" is included in the

  meaning of "exchange."

### 14 Revised Law

- Sec. 5012.0207. REFUNDING BONDS. (a) The authority may make and issue bonds for the purpose of refunding or refinancing outstanding bonds authorized and issued by the authority under this chapter or other law and the interest and any premium on the bonds to maturity or on any earlier redemption date specified in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the refunding bonds.
  - (b) Refunding bonds issued by the authority may:
- 22 (1) be issued to refund more than one series of 23 outstanding bonds;
- 24 (2) combine the pledges of the outstanding bonds for 25 the security of the refunding bonds; or
- 26 (3) be secured by other or additional revenue.
- (c) The provisions of this chapter regarding the issuance of bonds, the terms and provisions of bonds, and the remedies of the bondholders apply to refunding bonds issued by the authority.
- 30 (d) The comptroller shall register the refunding bonds 31 issued by the authority on the surrender and cancellation of the 32 bonds to be refunded.
- 33 (e) Instead of issuing bonds to be registered on the 34 surrender and cancellation of the bonds to be refunded, the

- 1 authority, in the resolution authorizing the issuance of refunding
- 2 bonds, may provide for the sale of the refunding bonds and the
- 3 deposit of the proceeds at the places at which the bonds to be
- 4 refunded are payable. In that case, the refunding bonds may be
- 5 issued in an amount sufficient to pay the interest and premium, if
- 6 any, on the bonds to be refunded to the bonds' maturity date or
- 7 specified earlier redemption date, and the comptroller shall
- 8 register the refunding bonds without the concurrent surrender and
- 9 cancellation of the bonds to be refunded.
- 10 (f) The authority may also refund outstanding bonds in the
- 11 manner provided by Chapters 60-63, Water Code. (Acts 63rd Leg.,
- 12 R.S., Ch. 379, Sec. 8 (part).)

# 13 <u>Source Law</u>

14 Sec. 8. . . .

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The authority is authorized to make and issue bonds for the purpose of refunding or refinancing any outstanding bonds or notes authorized and issued by the authority pursuant to this Act or other law (herein called "bond") and the interest and premium, if any, thereon to maturity or on any earlier redemption date specified in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the refunding bonds. Such refunding bonds may be issued to refund more than one series of outstanding bonds, may combine the pledges of the outstanding bonds for the security of the refunding bonds or may be additional or secured by other revenues. provisions of this Act with reference to the issuance of bonds, the terms and provisions thereof, their approval by the attorney general, and the remedies of the bondholders shall be applicable to refunding bonds. Refunding bonds shall be registered by the comptroller on surrender and cancellation of the bonds to be refunded, but in lieu thereof, the resolution authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds may provide that they shall be sold and the proceeds thereof deposited at the places at which the original bonds are payable, in which case the refunding bonds may be issued in an amount sufficient to pay the principal, interest, and premium, if any, on the original bonds to their maturity date or specified earlier redemption date, and the comptroller will without concurrent register them surrender cancellation of the original bonds. The authority may also refund any outstanding bonds in the manner and to the extent provided by Chapters 60-63, Water Code.

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#### Revisor's Note

Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "approval by the attorney general" of refunding bonds.

The revised law omits the quoted language because it is superseded by Section 1202.003, Government Code, enacted in 1987 as Section 3.002(a), Chapter 53, Acts of the 70th Legislature, 2nd Called Session (Article 717k-8, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 1202, Government Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 1202, Government Code, applies to authority bonds under Sections 1202.001 and 1202.003, Government Code.

# Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

(1)Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the net effective interest rate of authority bonds may not exceed 10 percent per year. The revised law omits that provision as superseded by other law. Chapter 3, Acts the 61st Legislature, Regular Session, of 1969 (Article 717k-2, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), now Chapter 1204, Government Code, established a maximum interest rate for public securities. Section 1204.006, Government Code, reflecting the 1981 amendment of Article 717k-2 by Section 1, Chapter 61, Acts of the 67th Legislature, Regular Session, permits a public agency to issue public securities at any net effective interest rate of 15 percent or less. Section 1204.006, Government Code, applies to authority bonds under Sections 1204.001 and 1204.002, Government Code. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . . [Such bonds may either be (1) sold for cash, . . . at such price or prices as the commission shall determine,] provided that the net effective interest rate, calculated in accordance with Chapter 3, Acts of the 61st Legislature, 1969, as amended (Article 717k-2, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), as now or hereafter amended shall not exceed 10 percent; or . . . [as such resolution or resolutions

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may provide.] . . .

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(2) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds by the authority may specify the date or dates of the bonds and the date of maturity of the bonds. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates in substance provisions of Sections 1201.021, 1201.022, and 1201.024, Government Code, which provide for the characteristics, terms of issuance, and form of a public security. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds] . . . shall bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times, . . . as such resolution or resolutions may provide. . . .

(3) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds may bear interest. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1201.021(2), Government Code. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . bear interest . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.]

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that interest on authority bonds may be payable annually, semiannually, or otherwise, as provided by the bond resolution. The revised law omits that provision because it is superseded by Section 1201.021(5), Government Code (enacted as Section 3, Bond Procedures Act of 1981 (Article 717k-6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)), which provides in part that a public security may be payable at the times and in the amounts specified by the governing body of the issuer. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . . [All such bonds . . . shall . . . bear interest] . . . payable annually, semiannually or otherwise, . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .

- (5) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds may be in the denominations provided by the bond resolution. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1201.021(1), Government Code. The omitted law reads:
  - Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . be in such denominations, . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .
- (6) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds by the authority may specify the form of the bonds. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates in substance or is superseded by Sections 1201.021 and 1201.024, Government Code, which provide for the form and characteristics of a public security. The omitted law reads:
  - Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . be in such form, either coupon or registered, . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .
- Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (7) Session, Legislature, Regular 1973, describes registration and exchange privileges for authority bonds. The revised law omits those provisions because they duplicate in substance Section 1201.022(a)(4), Government Code, and part of Section 1201.024, Government Code. Section 1201.022(a)(4), Government Code, provides that a public security may be issued with specified characteristics, on specified terms, or in a specified manner, and that law is sufficient authority for authority bonds to be exchangeable for

bonds of another denomination. Section 1201.024, Government Code, provides that a public security may be registrable as to principal and interest or only as to principal and that an issuer may provide that coupon bonds are exchangeable for registered bonds and vice versa. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . carry such registration privileges as to principal only or as to both principal and interest, and as to exchange of coupon bonds for registered bonds or vice versa, and exchange of bonds of one denomination for bonds of other denominations, . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .

(8) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a resolution that authorizes the issuance of authority bonds may specify the manner of execution of the bonds issued. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1201.026, Government Code, which provides for execution of a public security. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . be executed in such manner and . . . [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .

(9) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds may be payable at the place or places inside or outside the state as provided by the bond resolution. The revised law omits that provision because Section 1201.021(5)(C), Government Code, provides that a public security may be payable at a specified place or places. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . [All such bonds . . . shall] . . . be payable at such place or places within or without the State of Texas, [as such resolution or resolutions may provide.] . . .

(10) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that before bonds may be sold by the authority, a certified copy of the proceedings for the issuance of the bonds other information must bе submitted to It also provides that if attorney general. attorney general finds that the bonds have been issued in accordance with law and approves the bonds, the attorney general shall execute a certificate to that effect. In addition, it requires that the certificate be filed and recorded in the office of the comptroller and prohibits the issuance of bonds until they have been registered by the comptroller. Section 8 also requires the comptroller to register the bonds if the attorney general files with the comptroller attorney general's certificate approving the bonds and the proceedings for the issuance of the bonds. revised law omits those provisions as duplicative of superseded by Chapter 1202, Government Code, enacted as Article 3, Chapter 53, Acts of the 70th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 1987 (Article 717k-8, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). Section 1202.003(a), Government Code, requires bonds to be submitted to the attorney general. Section 1202.003(b), Government Code, provides for approval of the bonds by the attorney general and requires the attorney general to submit the approved bonds to the comptroller for Section 1202.005, Government Code, registration. requires registration of the bonds by the comptroller. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8.

Sec. 8. . . . Before any bonds shall be sold or exchanged or substituted by the authority, a certified copy of the proceedings of the issuance thereof, including the form of such bonds, together with any other together such bonds, together with any other information which the attorney general of the State of Texas may require, shall be submitted to the attorney general, and if he

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1 shall find that such bonds have been issued 2 in accordance with law, and if he shall approve such bonds, he shall execute a certificate to that effect which shall be filed in the office of the comptroller of the State of Texas and be recorded in a 3 5 6 record kept for that purpose. No bonds shall be issued until the same shall have 8 been registered by the comptroller, who shall so register the same if the attorney general shall have filed with the 9 10 11 12 comptroller his certificate approving the 13 bonds and the proceedings for the issuance 14 thereof as hereinabove provided.

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If such bonds have been authorized and . . made in compliance with law, the attorney general shall approve the bonds and . the bonds shall then be registered by the comptroller of public accounts. . . .

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Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (11)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that after approval and registration, authority bonds are incontestable and binding obligations. The revised omits that provision as duplicative impliedly repealed by Section 1202.006, Government Code, (enacted as Section 3.002(d), Chapter 53, Acts of the 70th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 1987 (Article 717k-8, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)). Section 1202.006, Government Code, provides that after approval and registration, bonds are incontestable and binding obligations. The omitted law reads:

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Sec. 8.

All bonds approved by the attorney general as aforesaid, and registered by the comptroller as aforesaid, and issued accordance with the proceedings so approved shall be valid and binding obligations of the authority and shall be incontestable for any cause from and after the time of such registration.

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Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd (12)

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, details various procedures regarding approval of bond contracts and proceedings by the attorney general. The revised law omits the portion of Section 8 regarding the validity and incontestability of a contract the proceeds of

which are pledged to the payment of a bond as superseded by Section 1202.006, Government Code (enacted as Section 3.002(d), Chapter 53, Acts of the 70th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 1987 (Article 717k-8, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)). Section 1202.006, Government Code, provides that after approval and registration of the bond, the bond and contract are not contestable for any reason. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . .

If any bonds recite that they are secured by a pledge of the proceeds of a contract, lease, sale or other agreement (herein called "contract"), a copy of such contract and the proceedings of the contracting parties will also be submitted to the attorney general. [If such bonds have been authorized and] such contracts [made in compliance with law, the attorney shall approve the general bonds When so approved, contracts, and . . . . such bonds and the contracts shall be valid and binding and shall be incontestable for any cause from and after the time of such registration.

. . .

(13) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that authority bonds are investment securities within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1201.041(2), Government Code. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 8. . . .

All bonds issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall constitute investment securities within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code. . . .

(14) Section 8, Chapter 379, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the act, without reference to other statutes, is full authority for the authorization and issuance of bonds and that no other law with regard to the authorization

or issuance of obligations or the deposit of the proceeds of obligations, or in any way impeding or restricting the carrying out of the acts authorized by the act to be done, applies to any proceedings taken under the act or acts done pursuant to the act.

The revised law omits the statement that the act, without reference to other statutes, is full authority for the authorization and issuance of bonds because it is unnecessary. The operative provisions of the act are fully effective on their own terms.

revised law omits as unnecessary The and potentially misleading the statement that no other law with regard to the authorization or issuance obligations the deposit of the or proceeds of obligations, or in any way impeding or restricting the carrying out of the acts authorized by the act to be done, applies to any proceedings taken under the act or acts done pursuant to the act. An accepted general principle of statutory construction requires a statute to be given cumulative effect with other statutes unless it provides otherwise or unless the statutes are in conflict. To the extent the statement means that the act prevails over other law in existence at the time the act became effective and with which the act conflicts, the statement merely restates general rules of statutory construction. To the extent the means the act prevails statement over future enactments of the legislature that may conflict with the act, the statement is misleading in that one session of the legislature may not bind a future session of the legislature. Conflicts between the revised law (which is a local law) and other laws are governed by Section 311.026, Government Code (Code Construction Act). That section provides that if

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there is a conflict between a general provision of law and a special or local provision, the special or local provision prevails unless the general provision is the later enactment and the manifest intent is that the general provision prevail. The omitted law reads:

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This Act, without reference to other statutes of the State of Texas, constitute full authority for of authorization and issuance bonds hereunder, and no other act or law with regard to the authorization or issuance of obligations or the deposit of the proceeds thereof, or in any way impeding restricting the carrying out of the acts herein authorized to be done shall construed as applying to any proceedings taken hereunder or acts done pursuant hereto.

#### Revisor's Note (End of Chapter)

(1)Section 2, Chapter 812, Acts of the 66th Legislature, Regular Session, 1979, and Section 3, Chapter 56, Acts of the 67th Legislature, Regular Session, 1981, recite legislative findings regarding procedural requirements for legislation affecting the authority under the constitution and other laws and rules, including proper legal notice and the filing of recommendations. The revised law omits those provisions as executed. The omitted law reads:

[Acts 66th Leg., R.S., Ch. 812] Sec. 2. It is determined and found that a proper and written notice of the intention to introduce this Act setting forth the general substance of this Act has been published at least 30 days and not more than 90 days prior to the introduction of this Act in the Legislature of Texas in a newspaper having general circulation in Jefferson County, Texas; that a copy of such notice and a copy of this Act have been delivered to the Governor of Texas who has submitted such notice and Act to the Texas Department of Water Resources, and said Texas Department of Water Resources has filed its recommendations as to this Act with the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker of the house of representatives within 30 days from the date such notice and Act were received by the Texas Department of Water Resources; and that all

requirements and provisions of Article XVI, Section 59d, of the Texas Constitution have been fulfilled and accomplished.

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[Acts 67th Leg., R.S., Ch. 56] Sec. 3. Proof of publication of the constitutional notice required in enactment hereof under the provisions of Article XVI, Section 59(d), of the Texas Constitution has been made in the manner provided therein, and a copy of said notice and the bill as originally introduced have been delivered to the Governor of the State of Texas as required by such constitutional provision, and such notice and delivery are hereby found and declared to be proper and sufficient to satisfy such requirement.

- Section 3, Chapter 812, Acts of the 66th Legislature, Regular Session, 1979, provides Chapter 812 does not apply to or affect any litigation instituted before the effective date of Chapter 812 that questions the legality of any acts taken or proceedings had by the commission or the authority before that effective date. The revised law omits the provision as executed and because Section 311.031(a), Government Code (Code Construction Act), provides that the reenactment, revision, amendment, or repeal of a statute does not affect matters occurring before or pending on the reenactment, revision, amendment, or repeal of the statute. The omitted law reads:
  - Sec. 3. This Act does not apply to or affect any litigation instituted prior to effective date of this Act questions the legality of any acts taken or proceedings had by the commission or authority prior to said effective date.
- Section 2, Chapter 56, Acts of the 67th Legislature, Regular Session, 1981, provides that the act is severable. The revised law omits that provision because the same result is produced by application of Section 311.032, Government Code (Code Construction Act), which provides that a provision of a statute is severable from each other provision of the statute that can be given effect. The omitted law reads:
  - Sec. 2. In case any one or more of the

1 2 3 4	provisions, clauses, or words of this Act or the application thereof to any situation or circumstance shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unconstitutional, such
5	invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not
6	affect any other provisions, clauses, or
7	words of this Act or the application thereof
8	to any other situation or circumstance, and
9	it is intended that this Act shall be
10	severable and shall be construed and
11	applied as if any such invalid or
12	unconstitutional section, provision,
13	clause, or word had not been included
14	herein.